

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

IEC 61499-4

First edition
2005-08

Function blocks –

Part 4: Rules for compliance profiles

© IEC 2005 — Copyright - all rights reserved

No part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from the publisher.

International Electrotechnical Commission, 3, rue de Varembé, PO Box 131, CH-1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland
Telephone: +41 22 919 02 11 Telefax: +41 22 919 03 00 E-mail: inmail@iec.ch Web: www.iec.ch



Commission Electrotechnique Internationale
International Electrotechnical Commission
Международная Электротехническая Комиссия

PRICE CODE

K

For price, see current catalogue

CONTENTS

FOREWORD.....	3
1 Scope.....	5
2 Normative references	5
3 Terms and definitions	6
4 Contents of compliance profiles.....	6
4.1 Structure of compliance profiles	6
4.2 General provisions of a compliance profile	7
4.2.1 Scope.....	7
4.2.2 References to normative documents.....	7
4.2.3 Terms and definitions	7
4.3 Portability provisions	8
4.4 Interoperability provisions.....	8
4.5 Configurability provisions	8
4.6 Test requirements	8
4.7 Annexes	8
Annex A (informative) Example compliance profile.....	9
Annex B (informative) Example device configurability classes.....	10

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

FUNCTION BLOCKS –

Part 4: Rules for compliance profiles

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- 2) The formal decisions or agreements of IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested IEC National Committees.
- 3) IEC Publications have the form of recommendations for international use and are accepted by IEC National Committees in that sense. While all reasonable efforts are made to ensure that the technical content of IEC Publications is accurate, IEC cannot be held responsible for the way in which they are used or for any misinterpretation by any end user.
- 4) In order to promote international uniformity, IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC Publications transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional publications. Any divergence between any IEC Publication and the corresponding national or regional publication shall be clearly indicated in the latter.
- 5) IEC provides no marking procedure to indicate its approval and cannot be rendered responsible for any equipment declared to be in conformity with an IEC Publication.
- 6) All users should ensure that they have the latest edition of this publication.
- 7) No liability shall attach to IEC or its directors, employees, servants or agents including individual experts and members of its technical committees and IEC National Committees for any personal injury, property damage or other damage of any nature whatsoever, whether direct or indirect, or for costs (including legal fees) and expenses arising out of the publication, use of, or reliance upon, this IEC Publication or any other IEC Publications.
- 8) Attention is drawn to the Normative references cited in this publication. Use of the referenced publications is indispensable for the correct application of this publication.
- 9) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this IEC Publication may be the subject of patent rights. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

International Standard IEC 61499-4 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 65: Industrial-process measurement and control.

This standard cancels and replaces IEC/PAS 61499-4 published in 2002.

This first edition constitutes a technical revision.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

CDV	Report on voting
65/349/CDV	65/363/RVC

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

IEC 61499 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Function blocks*:

- Part 1: Architecture
- Part 2: Software tool requirements
- Part 3: Tutorial information
- Part 4: Rules for compliance profiles

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the maintenance result date indicated on the IEC web site under "<http://webstore.iec.ch>" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

A bilingual edition of this standard may be issued at a later date.

FUNCTION BLOCKS –

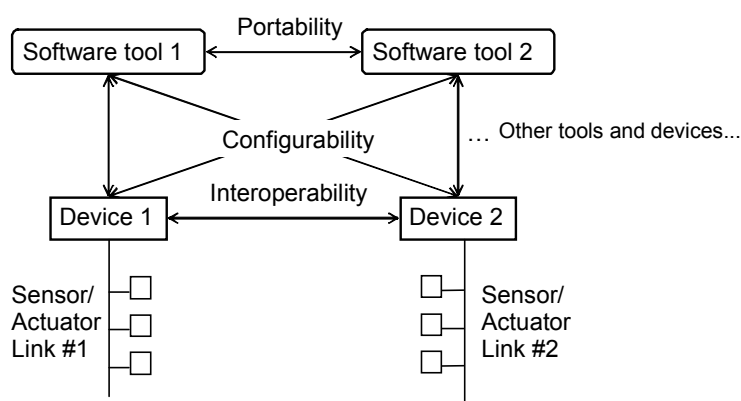
Part 4: Rules for compliance profiles

1 Scope

This part of IEC 61499 defines rules for the development of *compliance profiles* which specify the features of IEC 61499-1 and 61499-2 to be implemented in order to promote the following *attributes* of IEC 61499-based *systems, devices* and *software tools*:

- *interoperability* of *devices* from multiple suppliers;
- *portability* of *software* between *software tools* of multiple suppliers; and
- *configurability* of *devices* from multiple vendors by *software tools* of multiple suppliers.

These attributes are illustrated in Figure 1.



IEC 1170/05

Figure 1 – Topics addressed by compliance profiles

NOTE 1 The sensor/actuator links designated #1 and #2 in Figure 1 may be non-interoperable. However, it is intended that systems complying with a particular profile may show the transfer of *events* and *data* from sensors on one link to actuators on another link using appropriately configured and interconnected *service interface function blocks*.

NOTE 2 Compliance profiles may extend their scope beyond that shown in Figure 1 to include interoperability of sensors and actuators.

NOTE 3 Suppliers of *software tools* should assure that their products conform to the requirements of IEC 61499-2 as well as any specific requirements defined in compliance profiles applicable to their particular software tools.

The specification of provisions for the facilitation of device *interchangeability* is beyond the scope of this standard.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 61499-1, *Function blocks – Part 1: Architecture*

IEC 61499-2, *Function blocks – Part 2: Software tools requirements*

ISO/IEC Directives, *Part 2: Rules for the structure and drafting of International Standards*