



ANSI C136.35-2020

American National
Standard for Roadway
and Area Lighting
Equipment —
Locking-Type Power
Taps (LTPT)



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*American National Standard for
Roadway and Area Lighting Equipment—
Locking-Type Power Taps (LTPT)*

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National Electrical Manufacturers Association

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Foreword

At the time this Standard was approved the ANSI C136 committee was composed of the following Members:

Acuity Brands	LED Roadway Lighting
Alabama Power Company	Legrand, North America
American Electric Power	Leotek Electronics, USA Corp
Amphenol Canada Corp.	Light Smart
Atlas Lighting Products, Inc.	Littlefuse, Inc.
California Lighting Technology Center, UC Davis	Lumispec Consulting
Caltrans	Mississippi Power
CIMCON Lighting	National Grid
City of Kansas City, Missouri	NightSwitch LLC
City of Los Angeles, Bureau of Street Lighting	OSRAM SYLVANIA, Inc
Comptek Technologies	Pacific Northwest National Laboratory
Cooper Lighting Solutions	Phoenix Lighting
Cree Lighting	PSEG Power
Dominion Energy	Radian Research, Inc.
Duke Energy	Realterm Energy.
Duke Energy Progress	Ripley Lighting Controls LLC
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Gateway International 360.	South Carolina Electric & Gas
GE Current, a Daintree Company	StressCrete/King Luminaire
Georgia Power Company	Sunrise Technologies, Inc.
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Hapco Aluminum Pole Products	Telensa
Howard Lighting	TESCO The Eastern Specialty Company.
Hubbell Lighting, Inc.	Ubicquia
Intelligent Illuminations, Inc.	Utility Metals Division of Fabricated Metals, LLC
Intermatic Incorporated	Valmont Composite Structures
Intertek USA	Valmont Industries, Inc.
Itron, Inc.	Vandal Shields
JEA	Wattour Engineering Company, Inc.
Kauffman Consulting, LLC	Westire Technology Limited
	Xcel Energy.

1 Scope

This Standard covers the electrical and mechanical compatibility of electrical devices mounted into a locking-type photocontrol receptacle for the purpose of providing ancillary power to an external device. This Standard does not cover the device being powered.

2 Normative References

This Standard incorporates, by undated reference, provisions from other publications. These normative references are cited at the appropriate places in the text, and the publications are listed below. For undated references, the latest edition of the publication referred to applies (including amendments).

UL 773, *Plug-In Locking Type Photocontrols for Use with Area Lighting*

UL773A, *Nonindustrial Photoelectric Switches for Lighting Control*

ANSI C136.2 *American National Standard for Roadway and Area Lighting Equipment—Dielectric Withstand and Electrical Transient Immunity Requirements*

ANSI C136.10 *American National Standard for Roadway and Area Lighting Equipment—Locking-type Photocontrol Devices and Mating Receptacles—Physical and Electrical Interchangeability*

ANSI C136.31 *American National Standard for Roadway and Area Lighting Equipment—Luminaire Vibration*

ANSI C136.41 *American National Standard for Roadway and Area Lighting Equipment—Dimming Control Between an External Locking Type Photocontrol and Ballast or Driver*

FCC Regulations, Title 47 C.F.R., Part 15 and Part 18

3 Definitions

3.1 Device

Any equipment that connects to the luminaire mechanically and/or electrically.

3.2 Ancillary Electrical Device

Any additional device electrically connected to the luminaire, such as communication devices, cameras, etc., that may or may not be used for the operation of the luminaire.

3.3 Effective Projected Area (EPA)

A calculated value based on the cross-sectional area of an object and its drag coefficient used in determining loads on surfaces induced by winds. The coefficient is a function of the wind-facing surface contour for the object. The EPA can be calculated from the object's dimensions and applying an approximate drag coefficient based on its shape, or it can be calculated from the load measurements made in a wind tunnel on the object.