PD IEC TS 63058:2021

BSI Standards Publication

# Switchgear and controlgear and their assemblies for low voltage – Environmental aspects

bsi.

# National foreword

This Published Document is the UK implementation of IEC TS 63058:2021.

The UK participation in its preparation was entrusted to Technical Committee PEL/121/1, Low voltage switchgear and controlgear.

A list of organizations represented on this committee can be obtained on request to its committee manager.

This publication does not purport to include all the necessary provisions of a contract. Users are responsible for its correct application.


Published by BSI Standards Limited 2021

ISBN 978 0 580 96618 7

ICS 13.020.01; 29.130.20

**Compliance with a British Standard cannot confer immunity from legal obligations.**

This Published Document was published under the authority of the Standards Policy and Strategy Committee on 31 January 2021.

**Amendments/corrigenda issued since publication**

| Date | Text affected |
|---|---|

IEC TS 63058

Edition 1.0 2021-01

# TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

# SPECIFICATION TECHNIQUE

colour inside

## Switchgear and controlgear and their assemblies for low voltage – Environmental aspects

## Appareillages et ensembles d'appareillages basse tension – Aspects environnementaux

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

COMMISSION ELECTROTECHNIQUE INTERNATIONALE

ICS 13.020.01, 29.130.20

ISBN 978-2-8322-9287-7

# CONTENTS

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

_____

# SWITCHGEAR AND CONTROLGEAR AND THEIR ASSEMBLIES FOR LOW VOLTAGE –

## Environmental aspects

## FOREWORD

1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
2) The formal decisions or agreements of IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested IEC National Committees.
3) IEC Publications have the form of recommendations for international use and are accepted by IEC National Committees in that sense. While all reasonable efforts are made to ensure that the technical content of IEC Publications is accurate, IEC cannot be held responsible for the way in which they are used or for any misinterpretation by any end user.
4) In order to promote international uniformity, IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC Publications transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional publications. Any divergence between any IEC Publication and the corresponding national or regional publication shall be clearly indicated in the latter.
5) IEC itself does not provide any attestation of conformity. Independent certification bodies provide conformity assessment services and, in some areas, access to IEC marks of conformity. IEC is not responsible for any services carried out by independent certification bodies.
6) All users should ensure that they have the latest edition of this publication.
7) No liability shall attach to IEC or its directors, employees, servants or agents including individual experts and members of its technical committees and IEC National Committees for any personal injury, property damage or other damage of any nature whatsoever, whether direct or indirect, or for costs (including legal fees) and expenses arising out of the publication, use of, or reliance upon, this IEC Publication or any other IEC Publications.
8) Attention is drawn to the Normative references cited in this publication. Use of the referenced publications is indispensable for the correct application of this publication.
9) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this IEC Publication may be the subject of patent rights. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

IEC TS 63058 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 121: Switchgear and controlgear and their assemblies for low voltage. It is a Technical Specification.

The text of this Technical Specification is based on the following documents:

| Draft TS | Report on voting |
|---|---|
| 121/54/DTS | 121/58A/RVDTS |

Full information on the voting for its approval can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The language used for the development of this Technical Specification is English.

This document was drafted in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, and developed in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1 and ISO/IEC Directives, IEC Supplement, available at www.iec.ch/members_experts/refdocs. The main document types developed by IEC are described in greater detail at www.iec.ch/standardsdev/publications.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under webstore.iec.ch in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

**IMPORTANT – The 'colour inside' logo on the cover page of this publication indicates that it contains colours which are considered to be useful for the correct understanding of its contents. Users should therefore print this document using a colour printer.**

# INTRODUCTION

Increasingly, there is a focus on preserving the natural environment for the good of future generations. For this to be achieved, efficient use of energy and materials throughout the life cycle of every product and process to conserve world's finite natural resources is essential. In addition, release of substances and materials that might be harmful for the environment or induce climatic changes are to be avoided or minimized. From conception to end of life of a product, the environmental impact of all the relevant processes should be considered, including how materials are disposed of or recovered for future use.

In order to contribute to conserving natural resources, manufacturers of low-voltage switchgear and controlgear and their assemblies should ensure an environmentally conscious design (ECD) involving:

- phasing-out or minimizing use of hazardous substances or materials;
- efficient use of energy and materials in the manufacture of products;
- ensuring the lowest practical energy consumption by the products while they are in use;
- at the end of product life, the possibility, as far as practical, of recycling materials for future use, and sorting hazardous components requiring a specific treatment.

Declarations and ECD are increasingly required and in some instances mandated. These can take several forms, for example, Type II or Type III environmental declaration, material declaration (MD). In some business, Green Public Procurement (GPP) is applicable and/or ECD is part of the ISO 14001 certification. Some countries and regions are also actively pushing for environmental conservation, for example, the European Union through its Ecodesign Directive and China through Ecodesign Initiative. Systematic demands for ECD will be required by most, if not all customers, in the medium term.

Assessing the environmental impact of low-voltage switchgear and controlgear and their assemblies is part of an ECD process. ECD requires the identification, measurement and reporting of particular impacts. IEC 62430 describes the basic principles of ECD, with the goal of reducing the potential environmental impacts of products.

Generally, the environmental impact of low-voltage switchgear and controlgear and their assemblies is very low compared with that of the overall system into which they are incorporated and the processes to which they contribute. The lifetime impact of processes such as the air-conditioning of a building, the manufacture of steel or shipping far exceed that of the manufacture and use of any associated low-voltage switchgear and controlgear.

Even though low-voltage switchgear and controlgear and their assemblies have a relatively minor impact on the environment, there is a market need for appropriate methods for managing these environmental matters. A simplified means of estimating the environmental impacts is required together with readily available data to make the stakeholder's, for example contractor's, installer's and end user's, task of assessing environmental impacts at system level easier.

Specific rules for assessing the environmental impacts and providing appropriate data for low-voltage switchgear and controlgear and their assemblies are among the purposes of this document. These rules establish a common evaluation scheme of their environmental impacts in terms of characterized impact indicators (e.g. $CO_2$-equivalents, ozone depletion) over their whole life cycle.

# SWITCHGEAR AND CONTROLGEAR AND THEIR ASSEMBLIES FOR LOW VOLTAGE –

# Environmental aspects

## 1 Scope

This document, which is a Technical Specification, provides guidance to manufacturers of low-voltage switchgear and controlgear and their assemblies in evaluating and improving the environmental impact of their products, and in enabling effective communication using common references for environmental information throughout the supply chain.

This document provides:

– guidance on the process and general aspects to implement environmentally-conscious product design principles, as given in IEC 62430, essential for low-voltage switchgear and controlgear and their assemblies;

– the Product Specific Rules (PSR) for Life Cycle Assessment (LCA);

NOTE 1 The general methods and the process to execute the LCA are in accordance with ISO 14040 and ISO 14044 but not addressed in this document.

NOTE 2 PSR and LCA can be used for quantitative ECD and also apply for some environmental declarations, for example Type III.

– standard environmental impact data derived from case studies and a means of using them;

NOTE 3 This is to encourage manufacturers to apply more effective quantitative methods in the ECD process to improve the environmental efficiency of their products.

– common rules for communicating information about the presence of regulated substances and the materials contained in the product, according to IEC 62474;

– guidance on communicating information about the end of life treatment of the product.

NOTE 4 This document is intended to replace Annex O and Annex W of IEC 60947-1:2020.

## 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60050-904, *International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) – Part 904: Environmental standardization for electrical and electronic products and systems* (available at www.electropedia.org)

IEC 61439-1:2020, *Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear assemblies – Part 1: General rules*

IEC 62430:2019, *Environmentally conscious design (ECD) – Principles, requirements and guidance*

IEC 62474:2018, *Material declaration for products of and for the electrotechnical industry*

IEC 62474-DB[1], *Material declaration for products of and for the electrotechnical industry* (available at http://std.iec.ch/iec62474)

[1] "DB" refers to the IEC on-line database.