



BSI Standards Publication

Space Engineering — Thermal design handbook

Part 1: View factors

National foreword

This Published Document is the UK implementation of CEN/CLC/TR 17603-31-01:2021.

The UK participation in its preparation was entrusted to Technical Committee ACE/68, Space systems and operations.

A list of organizations represented on this committee can be obtained on request to its committee manager.

Contractual and legal considerations

This publication has been prepared in good faith, however no representation, warranty, assurance or undertaking (express or implied) is or will be made, and no responsibility or liability is or will be accepted by BSI in relation to the adequacy, accuracy, completeness or reasonableness of this publication. All and any such responsibility and liability is expressly disclaimed to the full extent permitted by the law.

This publication is provided as is, and is to be used at the recipient's own risk.

The recipient is advised to consider seeking professional guidance with respect to its use of this publication.

This publication is not intended to constitute a contract. Users are responsible for its correct application.

This publication is not to be regarded as a British Standard.

© The British Standards Institution 2021
Published by BSI Standards Limited 2021

ISBN 978 0 539 16975 1

ICS 49.140

Compliance with a Published Document cannot confer immunity from legal obligations.

This Published Document was published under the authority of the Standards Policy and Strategy Committee on 31 August 2021.

Amendments/corrigenda issued since publication

Date	Text affected
------	---------------

TECHNICAL REPORT
RAPPORT TECHNIQUE
TECHNISCHER BERICHT

**CEN/CLC/TR 17603-31-
01**

August 2021

ICS 49.140

English version

**Space Engineering - Thermal design handbook - Part 1:
View factors**

Ingénierie spatiale - Manuel de conception thermique -
Partie 1 : Facteurs de vue

Raumfahrttechnik - Handbuch für thermisches Design -
Teil 1: Sichtfaktoren

This Technical Report was approved by CEN on 14 June 2021. It has been drawn up by the Technical Committee CEN/CLC/JTC 5.

CEN and CENELEC members are the national standards bodies and national electrotechnical committees of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and United Kingdom.



**CEN-CENELEC Management Centre:
Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels**

Table of contents

European Foreword	7
1 Scope	8
2 References	9
3 Terms, definitions and symbols	10
3.1 Terms and definitions	10
3.2 Symbols.....	10
4 Diffuse surfaces	12
4.1 General.....	12
4.2 Infinitesimal to finite surfaces	13
4.2.1 Planar to planar.....	13
4.2.2 Planar to spherical	19
4.2.3 Cylindrical to spherical	20
4.2.4 Conical to spherical.....	21
4.2.5 Spherical to spherical.....	23
4.2.6 Ellipsoidal to spherical.....	25
4.2.7 Planar to conical	28
4.3 Finite to finite surface.....	31
4.3.1 Planar to planar. Two-dimensional configurations	31
4.3.2 Planar to planar. Three-dimensional configurations.....	35
4.3.3 Planar to cylindrical. Two-dimensional configurations	46
4.3.4 Planar to cylindrical. three-dimensional configurations	48
4.3.5 Planar to conical	54
4.3.6 Spherical to planar	56
4.3.7 Cylindrical to cylindrical. two-dimensional configurations	62
4.3.8 Cylindrical to cylindrical. axisymmetrical configurations.....	64
4.3.9 Spherical to cylindrical	69
4.3.10 Conical to conical.....	72
4.3.11 Conical to spherical.....	72
4.3.12 Spherical to spherical.....	77

4.4	Additional sources of data.....	80
5	Specular surfaces.....	103
5.1	General.....	103
5.2	Two planar specular surfaces	105
5.2.1	Two-dimensional configurations.....	105
5.2.2	Parallel, directly opposed rectangles of same width and length.....	109
5.2.3	Rectangles of same width and length with one common edge	115
5.3	Planar specular and planar diffuse surface	118
5.3.1	Two dimensional cavities. Cylinders of quadrangular cross section	118
5.4	Non-planar specular surfaces	123
5.4.1	Concentric cylinder or concentric spheres.....	123
	Bibliography.....	125

Figures

Figure 4-1:	Geometric notation for view factors between diffuse surface.	13
Figure 4-2:	Values of F_{12} as a function of x and y . From Hamilton & Morgan (1952) [15].	15
Figure 4-3:	Values of F_{12} as a function of x and y . From Hamilton & Morgan (1952) [15].	17
Figure 4-4:	F_{12} vs. H for different values of dH . Infinitesimal surface to very thin coaxial annulus with finite radius. Calculated by the compiler.....	18
Figure 4-5:	Values of F_{12} vs. λ for different values of H . The analytical expression (case I) is only valid in the shadowed region. Calculated by the compiler.	19
Figure 4-6:	Values of F_{12} as a function of H and λ . Calculated by the compiler.....	20
Figure 4-7:	Values of F_{12} as a function of H and λ , for $\delta = 10^\circ$. Calculated by the compiler.	21
Figure 4-8:	Values of F_{12} as a function of H and λ , for $\delta = 30^\circ$. Calculated by the compiler.	22
Figure 4-9:	Values of F_{12} as a function of H and λ , for $\delta = 50^\circ$. Calculated by the compiler.	22
Figure 4-10:	Values of F_{12} as a function of H and λ , for $\delta = 80^\circ$. Calculated by the compiler.	23
Figure 4-11:	F_{12} as a function of H in the case of an infinitesimal sphere viewing a finite sphere. Calculated by the compiler.	24
Figure 4-12:	F_{12} as a function of angle λ for different values of the dimensionless distance H . Calculated by the compiler.	25
Figure 4-13:	F_{12} as a function of λ and H , for $A = 0,5$. Calculated by the compiler.	26
Figure 4-14:	F_{12} as a function of λ and H , for $A = 1,5$. Calculated by the compiler.	27
Figure 4-15:	F_{12} as a function of λ and H , for $A = 2$. Calculated by the compiler.	27
Figure 4-16:	Values of F_{12} vs. M for different values of L . Configuration 1, $\beta = 10^\circ$. Calculated by the compiler.	29

Figure 4-17: Values of F_{12} vs. M for different values of L . Configuration 1, $\beta = 20^\circ$.
 Calculated by the compiler.29

Figure 4-18: Values of F_{12} vs. M for different values of L . Configuration 2, $\beta = 10^\circ$.
 Calculated by the compiler.30

Figure 4-19: Values of F_{12} vs. M for different values of L . Configuration 2, $\beta = 20^\circ$.
 Calculated by the compiler.30

Figure 4-20: Values of F_{12} as a function of X and Y , for $Z = 0$. Calculated by the
 compiler.33

Figure 4-21: Values of F_{12} as a function of X and Y , for $Z = 0,5$. Calculated by the
 compiler.33

Figure 4-22: Values of F_{12} as a function of X and Y , for $Z = 1$. Calculated by the
 compiler.34

Figure 4-23: Values of F_{12} as a function of X and Y , for $Z = 2$. Calculated by the
 compiler.34

Figure 4-24: Values of F_{12} as a function of X and Y , for $Z = 5$. Calculated by the
 compiler.35

Figure 4-25: Values of F_{12} as a function of X and Y . Calculated by the compiler.....36

Figure 4-26: F_{12} as a function of L and N for $\phi = 30^\circ$. Table from Feingold (1966) [11],
 figure from Hamilton & Morgan (1952) [15].....39

Figure 4-27: F_{12} as a function of L and N for $\phi = 60^\circ$. Table from Feingold (1966) [11],
 figure from Hamilton & Morgan (1952) [15].....39

Figure 4-28: F_{12} as a function of L and N for $\phi = 90^\circ$. Table from Feingold (1966) [11],
 figure from Hamilton & Morgan (1952) [15].....40

Figure 4-29: F_{12} as a function of L and N for $\phi = 120^\circ$. Table from Feingold (1966) [11],
 figure from Hamilton & Morgan (1952) [15].....40

Figure 4-30: F_{12} as a function of L and N for $\phi = 150^\circ$. Table from Feingold (1966) [11],
 figure from Hamilton & Morgan (1952) [15].....41

Figure 4-31: Values of F_{12} as a function of L for different regular polygons. n is the
 number of sides of the polygon. From Feingold (1966) [11].....43

Figure 4-32: View factors between different faces of a honeycomb cell as a function of
 the cell length, L . From Feingold (1966) [11].44

Figure 4-33: Values of F_{12} as a function of R_1 and R_2 in the case of two parallel coaxial
 discs. Calculated by the compiler.46

Figure 4-34: Values of F_{12} and F_{13} as a function of the parameter K . From Jakob (1957)
 [19].....48

Figure 4-35: F_{12} as a function of T and R . Calculated by the compiler.49

Figure 4-36: F_{12} as a function of T and R . Calculated by the compiler.50

Figure 4-37: F_{12} as a function of T and R . Calculated by the compiler.50

Figure 4-38: F_{12} as a function of Z , for different values of the dimensionless radius R .
 Calculated by the compiler.52

Figure 4-39: F_{12} as a function of R_2 for different values of the sector central angle α .
 Calculated by the compiler.57

Figure 4-40: F_{12} as a function of Z for different values of R_2 . Calculated by the compiler.58

Figure 4-41: F_{12} from a sphere to both sides of a coaxial intersecting disc, vs. H , for different values of R . Calculated by the compiler.....	59
Figure 4-42: F_{12} from a sphere to the upper side of a coaxial intersecting disc, vs. H ($-1 \leq H \leq 1$), for different values of R . Calculated by the compiler.	59
Figure 4-43: Values of F_{12} as a function of Z and R . Calculated by the compiler.....	60
Figure 4-44: F_{12} as a function of x in the case of two infinitely long parallel cylinders of the same diameter. Calculated by the compiler.	64
Figure 4-45: Plot of F_{12} vs. L for different values of R . From Hamilton & Morgan (1952) [15].....	66
Figure 4-46: Plot of F_{22} , vs. R for different values of L . From Hamilton & Morgan (1952) [15].....	67
Figure 4-47: F_{12} as a function of R for different values of Z . Calculated by the compiler.	70
Figure 4-48: Values of F_{12} as a function of H and L_2 for $L_1 = 1$. Calculated by the compiler.	71
Figure 4-49: Values of F_{12} as a function of S and D , for $\delta = 15^\circ$. From Campbell & McConnell (1968) [4].....	73
Figure 4-50: Values of F_{12} as a function of S and D , for $\delta = 30^\circ$. From Campbell & McConnell (1968) [4].....	74
Figure 4-51: Values of F_{12} as a function of S and D , for $\delta = 45^\circ$. From Campbell & McConnell (1968) [4].....	75
Figure 4-52: Values of F_{12} as a function of S and D , for $\delta = 60^\circ$. From Campbell & McConnell (1968) [4].....	76
Figure 4-53: Values of F_{12} as a function of S and R . From Jones (1965) [21].	79
Figure 4-54: Values of F_{12} as a function of S and θ . From Campbell & McConnell (1968) [4].....	80
Figure 5-1: Values of F_{12} as a function of R and H . Calculated by the compiler.	106
Figure 5-2: Values of F_{11}^s/ρ_2^s as a function of R and H . Calculated by the compiler.....	106
Figure 5-3: Values of F_{12}^s as a function of R for different values of ϕ . Calculated by the compiler.	108
Figure 5-4: Values of F_{11}^s/ρ_2^s as a function of R for different values of ϕ . Calculated by the compiler.	109
Figure 5-5: Values of F_{12}^s as a function of R and X for $Z = 1$. Calculated by the compiler.	110
Figure 5-6: Values of F_{11}^s/ρ_2^s as a function of R and X for $Z = 1$. Calculated by the compiler.	111
Figure 5-7: Values of F_{12}^s as a function of R and X for $Z = 5$. Calculated by the compiler.	111
Figure 5-8: Values of F_{11}^s/ρ_2^s as a function of R and X for $Z = 5$. Calculated by the compiler.	112
Figure 5-9: Values of F_{12}^s as a function of R and X for $Z = 10$. Calculated by the compiler.	112
Figure 5-10: Values of F_{11}^s/ρ_2^s as a function of R and X for $Z = 10$. Calculated by the compiler.	113

Figure 5-11: Values of F_{12}^s as a function of R and X for $Z = 15$. Calculated by the compiler.	113
Figure 5-12: Values of F_{11}^s/ρ_2^s as a function of R and X for $Z = 15$. Calculated by the compiler.	114
Figure 5-13: Values of F_{12}^s as a function of R and X for $Z = 20$. Calculated by the compiler.	114
Figure 5-14: Values of F_{11}^s/ρ_2^s as a function of R and X for $Z = 20$. Calculated by the compiler.	115
Figure 5-15: Values of F_{12}^s vs. aspect ratio, L , for different values of R . $\phi = 30^\circ$. Calculated by the compiler.	116
Figure 5-16: Values of F_{11}^s/ρ_2^s vs. aspect ratio, L , for different values of R . $\phi = 30^\circ$. Calculated by the compiler.	117
Figure 5-17: Values of F_{12}^s vs. aspect ratio, L , for different values of R . $\phi = 45^\circ$. Calculated by the compiler.	117
Figure 5-18: Values of F_{12}^s and F_{11}^s/ρ_2^s vs. aspect ratio, L , for the limiting values of ϕ . Calculated by the compiler.	118
Figure 5-19: Values of F_{11}^s vs. ϕ for different values of the specular reflectance, ρ^s . Calculated by the compiler.	120
Figure 5-20: Values of F_{12}^s vs. ϕ for different values of the specular reflectance, ρ^s . Calculated by the compiler.	121
Figure 5-21: Values of F_{31}^s vs. ϕ for different values of the specular reflectance, ρ^s . Calculated by the compiler.	121
Figure 5-22: Values of F_{32}^s vs. ϕ for different values of the specular reflectance, ρ^s . Calculated by the compiler.	122
Figure 5-23: Values of F_{33}^s vs. ϕ for different values of the specular reflectance, ρ^s . Calculated by the compiler.	122
Figure 5-24: Values of F_{34}^s vs. ϕ for different values of the specular reflectance, ρ^s . Calculated by the compiler.	123

European Foreword

This document (CEN/CLC/TR 17603-31-01:2021) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/CLC/JTC 5 "Space", the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

It is highlighted that this technical report does not contain any requirement but only collection of data or descriptions and guidelines about how to organize and perform the work in support of EN 16603-31.

This Technical report (TR 17603-31-01:2021) originates from ECSS-E-HB-31-01 Part 1A .

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association.

This document has been developed to cover specifically space systems and has therefore precedence over any TR covering the same scope but with a wider domain of applicability (e.g.: aerospace).

This document is currently submitted to the CEN CONSULTATION.

1

Scope

In this Part 1 of the spacecraft thermal control and design data handbooks, view factors of diffuse and specular thermal surfaces are discussed.

For diffuse surfaces, calculations are given for radiation emission and absorption between different configurations of planar, cylindrical, conical, spherical and ellipsoidal surfaces for finite and infinite surfaces.

For specular surfaces the affect of reflectance on calculations for view factors is included in the calculations. View factors for specular and diffuse surfaces are also included.

The Thermal design handbook is published in 16 Parts

TR 17603-31-01	Thermal design handbook – Part 1: View factors
TR 17603-31-02	Thermal design handbook – Part 2: Holes, Grooves and Cavities
TR 17603-31-03	Thermal design handbook – Part 3: Spacecraft Surface Temperature
TR 17603-31-04	Thermal design handbook – Part 4: Conductive Heat Transfer
TR 17603-31-05	Thermal design handbook – Part 5: Structural Materials: Metallic and Composite
TR 17603-31-06	Thermal design handbook – Part 6: Thermal Control Surfaces
TR 17603-31-07	Thermal design handbook – Part 7: Insulations
TR 17603-31-08	Thermal design handbook – Part 8: Heat Pipes
TR 17603-31-09	Thermal design handbook – Part 9: Radiators
TR 17603-31-10	Thermal design handbook – Part 10: Phase – Change Capacitors
TR 17603-31-11	Thermal design handbook – Part 11: Electrical Heating
TR 17603-31-12	Thermal design handbook – Part 12: Louvers
TR 17603-31-13	Thermal design handbook – Part 13: Fluid Loops
TR 17603-31-14	Thermal design handbook – Part 14: Cryogenic Cooling
TR 17603-31-15	Thermal design handbook – Part 15: Existing Satellites
TR 17603-31-16	Thermal design handbook – Part 16: Thermal Protection System