



BSI Standards Publication

**Plant biostimulants — Detection
of *Staphylococcus aureus***

National foreword

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The UK participation in its preparation was entrusted to Technical Committee EH/4/-/7, Plant Biostimulants.

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English Version

Plant biostimulants - Detection of *Staphylococcus aureus*

Biostimulants des végétaux - Détection de
Staphylococcus aureus

Pflanzen-Biostimulanzien - Nachweis von
Staphylococcus aureus

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European foreword

This document (CEN/TS 17712:2022) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 455 “Plant biostimulants”, the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

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This document has been prepared under a Standardization Request given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association.

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Introduction

This document was prepared by the experts of CEN/TC 455 “Plant Biostimulants”. The European Committee for Standardization (CEN) was requested by the European Commission (EC) to draft European standards or European standardization deliverables to support the implementation of Regulation (EU) 2019/1009 of 5 June 2019 laying down rules on the making available on the market of EU fertilising products (“FPR” or “Fertilising Products Regulation”).

This standardization request, presented as M/564, also contributes to the Communication on “Innovating for Sustainable Growth: A Bio economy for Europe”. The Working Group 5 “Labelling and denominations”, was created to develop a work program as part of this request. The technical committee CEN/TC 455 “Plant Biostimulants” was established to carry out the work program that will prepare a series of standards. The interest in biostimulants has increased significantly in Europe as a valuable tool to use in agriculture. Standardization was identified as having an important role in order to promote the use of biostimulants. The work of CEN/TC 455 seeks to improve the reliability of the supply chain, thereby improving the confidence of farmers, industry, and consumers in biostimulants, and will promote and support commercialisation of the European biostimulant industry.

Biostimulants used in agriculture can be applied in multiple ways to the soil, to plants, as seed treatment, etc. A microbial plant biostimulant consists of a microorganism or a consortium of microorganisms, as referred to in Component Material Category 7 of Annex II of the EU Fertilising Products Regulation.

This document is applicable to all microbial biostimulants in agriculture.

The Table 1 below summarizes many of the agro-ecological principles and the role played by biostimulants.

Table 1 — Agro-ecological principles and the role played by biostimulants [1]

Increase biodiversity
By improving soil microorganism quality/quantity
Reinforce biological regulation and interactions
By reinforcing plant-microorganism interactions
- symbiotic exchanges i.e. <i>Mycorrhizae</i>
- symbiotic exchanges i.e. <i>Rhizobiaceae/Faba</i>
- secretions mimicking plant hormones (i.e. <i>Trichoderma</i>)
By regulating plant physiological processes
- such as growth, metabolism or plant development...
Improve biogeochemical cycles
- improve absorption of nutritional elements
- improve bioavailability of nutritional elements in the soil
- stimulate degradation of organic matter

WARNING — Persons using this document should be familiar with normal laboratory practice. This document does not purport to address all of the safety problems, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user to establish appropriate safety and health practices and to ensure compliance with any national regulatory conditions.

IMPORTANT — It is absolutely essential that tests conducted in accordance with this document be carried out by suitably trained staff.

1 Scope

This document provides a method for verifying that the pathogen *Staphylococcus aureus* is present in microbial plant biostimulants according to the limits outlined in the EU Regulation on Fertilising Products [2].

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN ISO 7218, *Microbiology of food and animal feeding stuffs — General requirements and guidance for microbiological examinations (ISO 7218)*

CEN/TS 17708, *Plant biostimulants — Preparation of sample for microbial analysis*

CEN/TS 17724, *Plant biostimulants — Terminology*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in CEN/TS 17724 and the following apply.

3.1

Staphylococcus aureus

bacterium which forms colonies fitting the description of the species on the specified selective medium after incubation of 24 h at a temperature of 37 °C under aerobic conditions

Note 1 to entry: *S.aureus* colony description:

- circular;
- convex;
- entire margin;
- grey to black (due to the reduction of potassium tellurite to telluride).

Note 2 to entry: Colony size varies between 1 mm and 2 mm in diameter.

Note 3 to entry: *S. aureus* is a facultatively anaerobic, Gram-positive coccus, which appears as grape-like clusters when visualized under a microscope, and has a round, usually golden-yellow colonies, often with haemolysis, when grown on selective blood agar plates.

Note 4 to entry: The term 'Coagulase-positive staphylococci' refers to bacteria that form typical and/or atypical colonies on the surface of a selective culture medium and show a positive coagulase reaction when the test is performed following the method specified in this document.

3.2

detection of the coagulase-positive staphylococci

determination of the detection or non detection of *Staphylococcus aureus* (3.2), in 25 g or 25 ml of product, when tests are carried out in accordance with this document